### **IMPORTANT INFORMATION**

⚠ CAUTION: Risk of personal injury. If not blocked, hazardous gases may leak from the flange opening. Temporarily place a rag in the flange opening until the toilet is ready to install.

⚠ WARNING: Risk of product damage. Do not use in-tank cleaners in your toilet. Products containing chlorine (calcium hypochlorite) can seriously damage fittings in the tank. This damage can cause leakage and property damage.

**IMPORTANT!** If the tank gasket is not fully compressed, water may leak between the tank and the bowl. Ensure that the tank is secured.

9A. Metal Washer

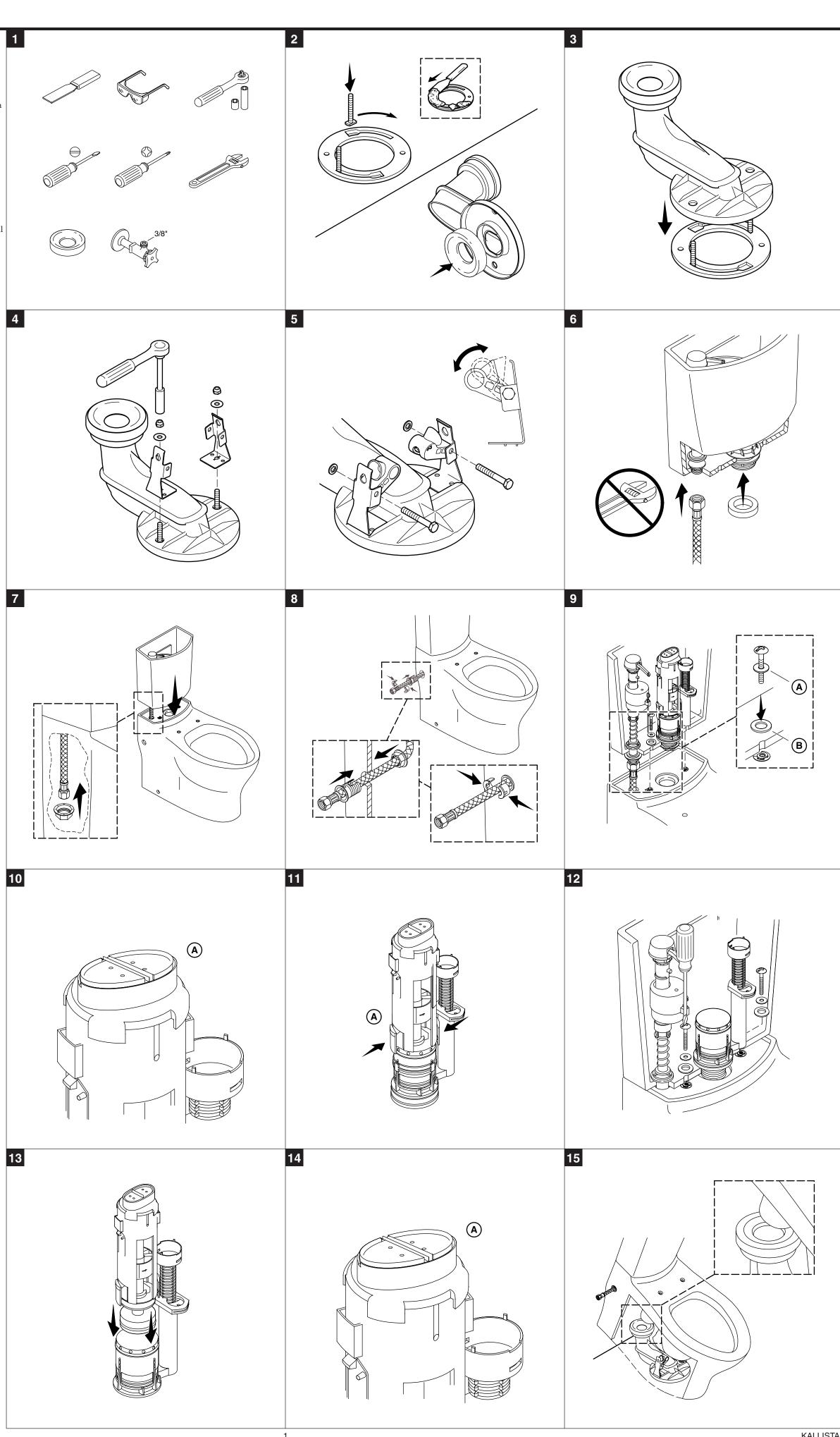
9B. Rubber Washer

10A. Note the position of the colored buttons for reinstallation.

**11A.** Squeeze the tabs and pull straight up on the canister.

14A. Rotate the canister so that the colored buttons are in their original

**Questions? Problems?** For additional assistance, please contact KALLISTA's Customer Service Department at 1-888-4-KALLISTA (1-888-452-5547) or kallista.com.



- 17A. Align the bracket slots with the holes.
- **20A.** Tighten the bolts evenly.
- **22A**. Install the tank lid and seat. Test the length of the push button rods. Adjust the rod length by loosening the lock nuts if needed.
- **23A.** Turn on the water supply and adjust the water level. Flush the toilet and recheck the water level.
- **24A.** Check all connections for leaks.

### **Troubleshooting Guide**

### 1. Poor flush.

- A. Adjust the tank water level to match the water line.
- B. Fully open the water supply shut-off valve.
- C. Clear obstructions from the trapway, jet, or bowl rim holes.
- D. Clear obstructions in the soil pipe or vent pipe.
- E. Ensure that the push button rods are adjusted with enough length to ensure a full flush but not so much that they hold the flush valve open.

# 2. The fill valve turns on/off by itself, or it runs, allowing water to enter the tank.

- A. Adjust the tank water level if it is too high.
- B. Clean the fill valve seat/seat washer of debris, or replace the piston/seat washer assembly.
- C. Replace the fill valve if the valve float sinks.
- D. Clean or replace the flush valve seal if it is worn, dirty, or misaligned with the valve seat, or if the flush valve seat is damaged.
- E. Remove the tank and tighten the flush valve nut if the flush valve gasket is leaking. Do not overtighten. If leakage continues, replace the gasket.
- F. Ensure that the push button rods are not adjusted with so much length that they hold the flush valve open.

## 3. Long tank fill cycle.

- A. Fully open the water supply shut-off valve.
- $\ensuremath{\mathrm{B}}.$  Clean the valve inlet, valve head, or supply line. Flush the lines.

### 4. Noisy tank fill cycle.

- A. Partially close the water supply shut-off valve if the water pressure to the toilet is too high. Check the toilet performance following any such adjustment.
- B. Remove dirt or obstructions from the valve head. Flush the lines.

